

Basic Information

Product Name	Anti-Survivin/BIRC5 Antibody	
Gene Name	BIRC5	
Source	Rabbit	
Clonality	Polyclonal	
Isotype	IgG	
Species Reactivity	mouse	
Tested Application	WB, IHC, FCM	
Contents	500 ug/ml antibody with PBS, 0.02% NaN3, 1 mg/ml BSA and 50% glycerol.	
Immunogen	E.coli-derived mouse Survivin recombinant protein (Position: M1-A140). Mouse Survivin shares 85% and 91% amino acid (aa) sequence identity with human and rat Survivin, respectively.	
Concentration	500 ug/ml	
Purification	Immunogen affinity purified.	
Observed MW	16 kDa	
Dilution Ratios	Western blot (WB):	1:500-2000
	Immunohistochemistry (IHC):	1:50-400
	Flow Cytometry (Fixed):	1:50-200
	(Boiling the paraffin sections in 10mM citrate buffer,pH6.0,or PH8.0 EDTA repair liquid for 20 mins is required for the staining of formalin/paraffin sections.) Optimal working dilutions must be determined by end user.	

Storage

12 months from date of receipt, -20°C as supplied.

Background Information

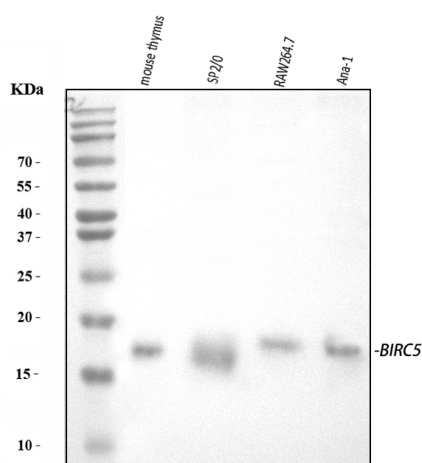
Survivin, also called baculoviral inhibitor of apoptosis repeat-containing 5 or BIRC5, is a protein that in humans encoded by the BIRC5 gene. Survivin is a member of the inhibitor of apoptosis (IAP) family. The survivin gene contains 4 exons. This gene is mapped to chromosome 17q25 by pulsed field gel electrophoresis and single- and 2-color FISH. The survivin protein functions as inhibitor caspase activation, thereby leading to negative regulation of apoptosis or programmed cell death. The survivin protein is expressed highly in most human tumours and fetal tissue, but is

completely absent in terminally differentiated cells.

Reference

Anti-Survivin/BIRC5 Antibody被引用在2文献中。

Selected Validation Data



Western blot analysis of Survivin/BIRC5 using anti-Survivin/BIRC5 antibody (PB0377). The sample well of each lane was loaded with 30 ug of sample under reducing conditions.

Lane 1: Mouse thymus tissue lysates,

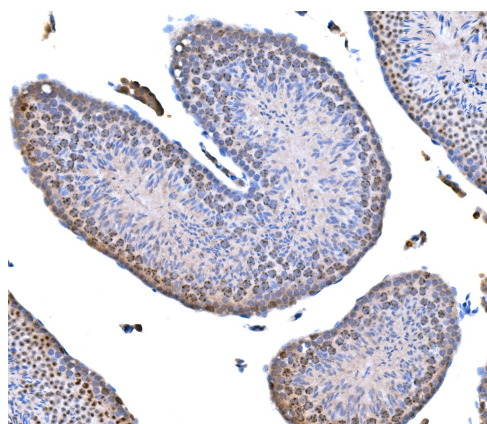
Lane 2: Mouse SP2/0 whole cell lysates,

Lane 3: Mouse RAW264.7 whole cell lysates,

Lane 4: Mouse ANA-1 whole cell lysates.

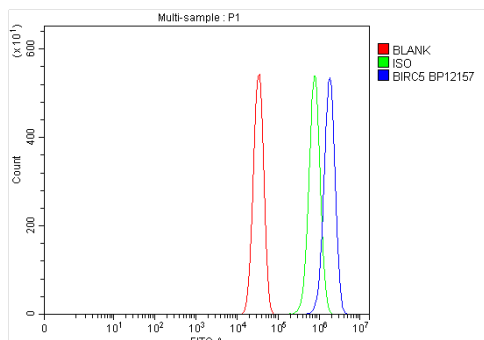
After electrophoresis, proteins were transferred to a membrane.

Then the membrane was incubated with rabbit anti-Survivin/BIRC5 antigen affinity purified polyclonal antibody (PB0377) at a dilution of 1:1000 and probed with a goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP secondary antibody (Catalog # BA1054). The signal is developed using ECL Plus Western Blotting Substrate (Catalog # AR1197). A specific band was detected for Survivin/BIRC5 at approximately 16 kDa. The expected band size for Survivin/BIRC5 is at 16 kDa.



IHC analysis of Survivin/BIRC5 using anti-Survivin/BIRC5 antibody (PB0377).

Survivin/BIRC5 was detected in a paraffin-embedded section of mouse testis tissue. Biotinylated goat anti-rabbit IgG was used as secondary antibody. The tissue section was incubated with rabbit anti-Survivin/BIRC5 Antibody (PB0377) at a dilution of 1:200 and developed using Streptavidin-Biotin-Complex (SABC) (Catalog # SA1022) with DAB (Catalog # AR1027) as the chromogen.



Flow Cytometry analysis of Neuro-2a cells using anti-Survivin/BIRC5 antibody (PB0377).

Overlay histogram showing Neuro-2a cells stained with PB0377 (Blue line). To facilitate intracellular staining, cells were fixed with 4% paraformaldehyde and permeabilized with permeabilization buffer. The cells were blocked with 10% normal goat serum. And then incubated with rabbit anti-Survivin/BIRC5 Antibody (PB0377) at 1:100 dilution for 30 min at 20°C. Fluoro488 conjugated goat anti-rabbit IgG (BA1127) was used as secondary antibody at 1:100 dilution for 30 minutes at 20°C. Isotype control antibody (Green line) was rabbit IgG at 1:100 dilution used under the same conditions. Unlabelled sample without incubation with primary antibody and secondary antibody (Red line) was used as a blank control.