

## Basic Information

Product Name	Anti-ACLY Antibody (Clone#OTI3G8)
Gene Name	ACLY
Source	Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Isotype	IgG1
Species Reactivity	human, mouse, rat
Tested Application	WB, IHC, ICC/IF
Contents	PBS (pH 7.3) containing 1% BSA, 50% glycerol and 0.02% sodium azide.
Immunogen	Full length human recombinant protein of human ACLY (NP_001087) produced in HEK293T cell.
Concentration	500 ug/ml
Purification	Purified from mouse ascites fluids or tissue culture supernatant by affinity chromatography (protein A/G)
Observed MW	120.8 kDa
Dilution Ratios	Western blot (WB): 1:2000 Immunohistochemistry (IHC): 1:50 Immunocytochemistry/Immunofluorescence (ICC/IF): 1:100

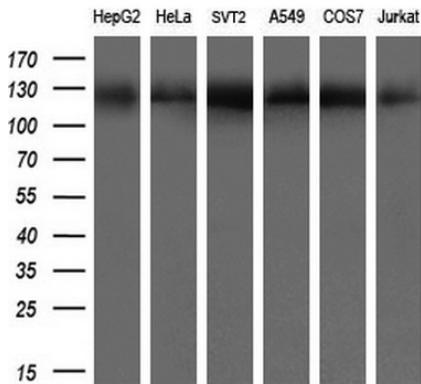
## Storage

Stable for 12 months from date of receipt. Store at -20°C as received.

## Background Information

ATP citrate lyase, also known as ACLY, is an enzyme that in animals represents an important step in fatty acid biosynthesis. ATP citrate lyase is the primary enzyme responsible for the synthesis of cytosolic acetyl-CoA in many tissues. The enzyme is a tetramer of apparently identical subunits. The product, acetyl-CoA, in animals serves several important biosynthetic pathways, including lipogenesis and cholesterolgenesis. It is activated by insulin. In nervous tissue, ATP citrate-lyase may be involved in the biosynthesis of acetylcholine. In plants, ATP citrate lyase generates the acetyl-CoA for cytosolically-synthesized metabolites.

## Selected Validation Data



Western blot analysis of extracts (10ug) from 6 different cell lines by using anti-ACLY monoclonal antibody (1:200).

