

Basic Information

Product Name	Anti-14-3-3 GAMMA/YWHAG-Specific Antibody	
Gene Name	YWHAG	
Source	Rabbit	
Clonality	Polyclonal	
Isotype	IgG	
Species Reactivity	human, mouse, rat	
Tested Application	WB, IHC, FCM, ELISA	
Contents	500 ug/ml antibody with PBS, 0.02% NaN3, 1 mg/ml BSA and 50% glycerol.	
Immunogen	E.coli-derived human 14-3-3 gamma/YWHAG recombinant protein (Position: D21-K162).	
Concentration	500 ug/ml	
Purification	Immunogen affinity purified.	
Observed MW	28 kDa	
Dilution Ratios	Western blot (WB): Immunohistochemistry (IHC): Flow Cytometry (Fixed): Enzyme linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA): (Boiling the paraffin sections in 10mM citrate buffer,pH6.0,or PH8.0 EDTA repair liquid for 20 mins is required for the staining of formalin/paraffin sections.) Optimal working dilutions must be determined by end user.	1:500-2000 1:50-400 1:50-200 1:100-1000

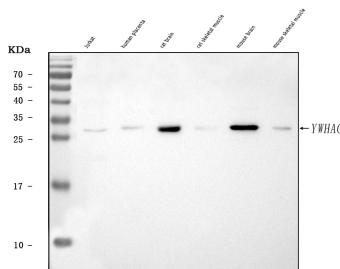
Storage

12 months from date of receipt, -20°C as supplied.

Background Information

This gene product belongs to the 14-3-3 family of proteins which mediate signal transduction by binding to phosphoserine-containing proteins. This highly conserved protein family is found in both plants and mammals, and this protein is 100% identical to the rat ortholog. It is induced by growth factors in human vascular smooth muscle cells, and is also highly expressed in skeletal and heart muscles, suggesting an important role for this protein in muscle tissue. It has been shown to interact with RAF1 and protein kinase C, proteins involved in various signal transduction pathways.

Selected Validation Data



Western blot analysis of 14-3-3 GAMMA/YWHAG-Specific using anti-14-3-3 GAMMA/YWHAG-Specific antibody (A04148-2). The sample well of each lane was loaded with 30 ug of sample under reducing conditions.

Lane 1: Jurkat whole cell lysates,

Lane 2: human placenta tissue lysates,

Lane 3: rat brain tissue lysates,

Lane 4: rat skeletal muscle tissue lysates,

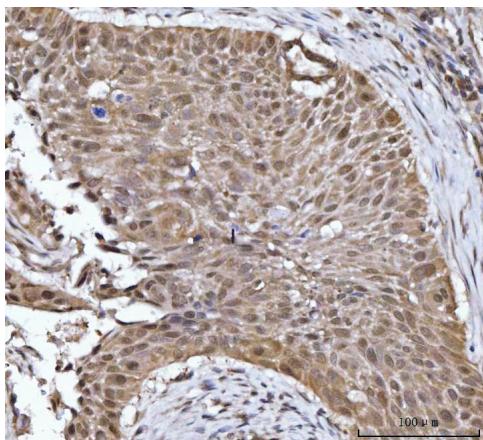
Lane 5: mouse brain tissue lysates,

Lane 6: mouse skeletal muscle tissue lysates.

After electrophoresis, proteins were transferred to a membrane.

Then the membrane was incubated with rabbit anti-14-3-3

GAMMA/YWHAG-Specific antigen affinity purified polyclonal antibody (A04148-2) at a dilution of 1:1000 and probed with a goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP secondary antibody (Catalog # BA1054). The signal is developed using ECL Plus Western Blotting Substrate (Catalog # AR1197). A specific band was detected for 14-3-3 GAMMA/YWHAG-Specific at approximately 28 kDa. The expected band size for 14-3-3 GAMMA/YWHAG-Specific is at 28 kDa.

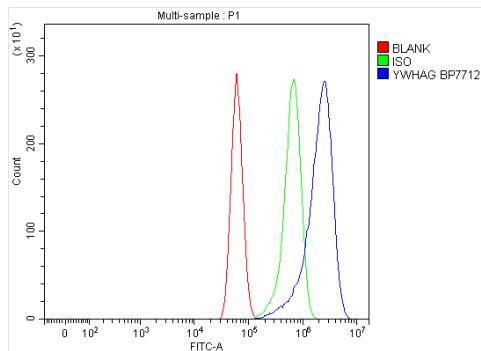


IHC analysis of 14-3-3 GAMMA/YWHAG-Specific using anti-14-3-3 GAMMA/YWHAG-Specific antibody (A04148-2). 14-3-3 GAMMA/YWHAG-Specific was detected in a paraffin-embedded section of human esophageal squamous carcinoma tissue.

Biotinylated goat anti-rabbit IgG was used as secondary antibody.

The tissue section was incubated with rabbit anti-14-3-3

GAMMA/YWHAG-Specific Antibody (A04148-2) at a dilution of 1:200 and developed using Strepavidin-Biotin-Complex (SABC) (Catalog # SA1022) with DAB (Catalog # AR1027) as the chromogen.



Flow Cytometry analysis of U87 cells using anti-14-3-3GAMMA/YWHAG-Specific antibody (A04148-2). Overlay histogram showing U87 cells stained with A04148-2 (Blue line). To facilitate intracellular staining, cells were fixed with 4% paraformaldehyde and permeabilized with permeabilization buffer. The cells were blocked with 10% normal goat serum. And then incubated with rabbit anti-14-3-3 GAMMA/YWHAG-Specific Antibody (A04148-2) at 1:100 dilution for 30 min at 20°C. Fluoro488 conjugated goat anti-rabbit IgG (BA1127) was used as secondary antibody at 1:100 dilution for 30 minutes at 20°C. Isotype control antibody (Green line) was rabbit IgG at 1:100 dilution used under the same conditions. Unlabelled sample without incubation with primary antibody and secondary antibody (Red line) was used as a blank control.